



AEU-2

**TULUTTUT PIGINNAASANIK MISILITSINNEQ /  
ENGELSK FÆRDIGHEDSPRØVE DECEMBER 2015**

**Piffissami nal. Ak/Tidspunkt.:**

13.00 - 14.00

**Ulloq misilitsiffik/Dato:**

Pingasunngorneq / Onsdag den 9. december 2015

**Ikiutitut atorpeqarsinnaasut / Hjælpemidler:**

Oqaatsit / Ordbøger:

Qallunaatut - Tuluttut / Dansk - Engelsk

Tuluttut - Qallunaatut / Engelsk - Dansk

Kalaallisut - Qallunaatut / Grønlandsk - Dansk

Qallunaatut - Kalaallisut / Dansk - Grønlandsk

**Misilitsinnerup sivisussusaa / Varighed:**

Akunneq ataaseq / 1 time

Atuartup aqqa / Kursistens navn:

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Cpr. Nr.:

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Piareersarfik:

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Nakkutilliisup atsiornera / Prøvevagtens navn:

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Piffissaq tunniussiffik / Tidspunkt for aflevering:

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## 1 A)

Insert a, an or the.

*Indsæt a, an eller the.*

**Inissikkit a, an imaluunniit the.**

### Example:

I think it is going to rain. I will bring an umbrella.

1. It will be cold, I think. You will need \_\_\_\_\_ scarf. You can borrow mine.
2. Also, you will need \_\_\_\_\_ overcoat. You can borrow my brother's overcoat.
3. Bring \_\_\_\_\_ pair of sunglasses to protect your eyes.
4. You need protection against \_\_\_\_\_ sun.
5. Is \_\_\_\_\_ policeman your brother is talking to wearing gloves?

## 1 B)

Insert the noun in singular or plural form.

*Indsæt navneordet i ental eller flertal.*

**Taggit ataasersiutinngorlugu imaluunniit qasseersiutinngorlugu inissiguk.**

### Example:

It has rained for three days (day) now.

1. I think there will be a \_\_\_\_\_ (storm) tomorrow.
2. We had a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ (storm) last year.
3. It was cold for all the \_\_\_\_\_ (animal) outside.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ (horse) were quite cold, I think.
5. But my \_\_\_\_\_ (dog) was warm inside its shelter.

## 2 A)

Insert to be in present or past tense: am, is, are, was or were.

*Indsæt to be i nutid eller datid: am, is, are, was eller were.*

**To be maannakkut imaluunniit qanga pisutut inissiguk: am, is, are, was imaluunniit were.**

### Example:

I was on my way home yesterday when the thunderstorm started.

1. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ inside the house all day yesterday.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ still inside the house now.
3. When I \_\_\_\_\_ a child I did not like thunderstorms.
4. But now I \_\_\_\_\_ not afraid of thunderstorms any longer.
5. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ afraid of them many years ago.
6. But now he \_\_\_\_\_ often outside in bad weather.
7. My brother and I \_\_\_\_\_ outside all afternoon yesterday.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ three years older than my brother.
9. He \_\_\_\_\_ very short when he was a child.
10. But he \_\_\_\_\_ taller than me now.

## 2 B)

Insert the verb in present tense.

*Indsæt udsagnsordet i nutid.*

**Oqaluut maannakkut pisutut inissiguk.**

**Example:**

My aunt always brings (bring) an umbrella when there are dark clouds in the sky.

1. My aunt and uncle often \_\_\_\_\_ (invite) us to come and visit them.
2. We often \_\_\_\_\_ (have) coffee outside the house.
3. My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ (like) to be outside in any weather.
4. We often \_\_\_\_\_ (go) for long walks even if it is raining.
5. One of the neighbours \_\_\_\_\_ (look) at us in surprise.
6. He and his wife always \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) indoors in bad weather.
7. They \_\_\_\_\_ (do) not like rainy or stormy weather.
8. My uncle's neighbour \_\_\_\_\_ (think) bad weather will make him ill.
9. He always \_\_\_\_\_ (take) care not to get cold.
10. And his wife \_\_\_\_\_ (agree) with him.

## 2 C)

Insert the verb in past tense.

*Indsæt udsagnsordet i datidsform.*

**Oqaluut qanga pisutut inissiguk.**

**Example:**

My brother called (call) me yesterday .

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to go fishing.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (sail) in my brother's boat.
3. The weather forecast \_\_\_\_\_ (say) it was going to rain.
4. But we \_\_\_\_\_ (go) fishing, anyway.
5. And we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a good time.

### 3)

Insert the correct pronoun: my, your, his, her, its, our, your or their.

*Indsæt det korrekte stedord: my, your, his, her, its, our, your eller their.*

**Taggisit taartissaat eqqortoq inissiguk: my, your, his, her, its, our, your imaluunniit their.**

#### Example:

I put on \_\_\_\_\_ *my* \_\_\_\_\_ own boots before I went out.

1. My sister put on \_\_\_\_\_ own boots, too.
2. And my brothers put on \_\_\_\_\_ own boots.
3. But my mother put on her sister's boots that are really too large for \_\_\_\_\_.
4. We all put on \_\_\_\_\_ hats and gloves.
5. My father put on \_\_\_\_\_ warm coat and we all went for a walk.
6. Our horse lifted \_\_\_\_\_ head and looked at us.
7. My mother said to us: " \_\_\_\_\_ faces look sad".
8. But we answered: " \_\_\_\_\_ faces look the way they always do".
9. I shook \_\_\_\_\_ head when my mother said that.
10. And my brother shook \_\_\_\_\_ head, too.


4)

Insert the correct preposition.

*Indsæt det rigtige forholdsord.*

**Siuleqqiut eqqortoq inissiguk.**

Example:

<p>The cup is <u>in front of</u> the cat.</p>	
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Use 5 of these prepositions:

*Brug 5 af disse forholdsord:*

**Siuleqqiutinit taakkunanit tallimat atukkit:**

behind / about / into / on / in / opposite / to the left of / between

<p>1. The clouds are _____ the sky.</p>	
<p>2. The child is _____ his mother and father.</p>	
<p>3. The girl is standing _____ the beach.</p>	

4. The ocean is

\_\_\_\_\_ the girl.



5. The duckling is

\_\_\_\_\_ the stone.



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**5)**

Place the words correctly and end the sentence with the full stop.

*Placer ordene korrekt og afslut sætningen med punktummet.*

**Oqaatsit eqqortumik tulleriissikkit aamma oqaaseqatigiit naggammik naanilerlugu.**

**Example:**

~~My~~ years Iceland ago. to went sister two

My sister went to Iceland two years ago.

1. ~~She~~ her there went husband. with

She \_\_\_\_\_

2. ~~They~~ fine. weather would hoped be the

They \_\_\_\_\_

3. ~~They~~ bad not did expect weather.

They \_\_\_\_\_

4. ~~They~~ disappointed. were very

They \_\_\_\_\_

5. ~~My~~ will there again. sister go not

My \_\_\_\_\_



## 6)

### Weather in Greenland

The climate in Greenland is arctic, i.e. the winters are long and cold and the summers are short and cool.

During winter the temperatures are between -40 and 0 °C. Sometimes it can be even colder, and of course there is a lot of snow.

During summer the temperatures are between -10 and 10 °C. In the fjords in Southern Greenland the temperature can reach 20 °C.

The air in Greenland is usually dry. Therefore most tourists have to drink more water than they are used to. The weather can change rapidly. One moment the sun is shining and five minutes later you can find yourself in really stormy weather. Watch the sky and be careful if you are walking on the ice or out sailing in a boat.

You should always let someone know where you plan to go and when you will be there or be back.

Answer the questions.

*Besvar spørgsmålene.*

**Apeqqutit akikkit.**

1. Describe the Greenlandic winter.

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2. Where do you find the warmest summer weather?

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3. How can you tell that the weather is about to change?

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4. What kind of advice would you give tourists visiting Greenland?

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5. What kind of weather do you prefer and why?

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